

**Managing Allegations Against Staff & Volunteers Procedures**

To be read in conjunction with KSCMP Operational Guidelines for the Local Authority Designated Officer function.

**Arrangements for Review:**

Jim Duncan is responsible for the implementation of this policy and conducting regular reviews. This policy was reviewed in October 2023.

Next review date: September 2024

**Key contact personnel**

The Board of Children & Families (C&F) has overall responsibility for child protection across the organisation. They have nominated the Chair, Lauren Rabbatts as their lead trustee for child protection (contact details held by the SSL and Seashells Reception on 01795 667070). The CEO, Jim Duncan is the **Strategic Safeguarding Lead (SSL)** and Ian Townsend-Blazier is the **Deputy Strategic Safeguarding Lead (DSSL).**

**SSL:**

Tel: 01795 667070

Email: [JimDuncan@children-families.org](mailto:JimDuncan@children-families.org)

**DSSL:**

Tel: 01795 667070/ 01233 500477

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The **Designated Safeguarding Leads (DSLs)** have operational responsibility for child protection practice in each service area and are:

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| **Service/Setting** | **DSL** | **Contact** |
| Children’s Centre Services | Ian Townsend-Blazier  Head of Development | 01795 667070  [IanTownsend-Blazier@children-families.org](mailto:IanTownsend-Blazier@children-families.org) |
| Seashells Nursery | Jo Hanson  Nursery Manager | 01795 663311  [jhanson@children-families.org](mailto:jhanson@children-families.org) |
| Rising Stars Nursery | Emma Jones  Nursery Manager | 01795 475438  [emmajones@children-families.org](mailto:emmajones@children-families.org) |
| CrecheCare | Gaynor O’Sullivan  CrecheCare Manager | 01795 667070  [gaynorosullivan@children-families.org](mailto:gaynorosullivan@children-families.org) |

The DSLs are supported in their role by the following Deputy DSLs:

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| **Service/Setting** | **Deputy DSL** | **Contact** |
| Children’s Centre Services | Kim Green  Family Outreach Coordinator  Casie Young  Early Childhood Development Coordinator | 01795 667070  [kgreen@children-families.org](mailto:kgreen@children-families.org)  01795 667070  [casie.young@children-families.org](mailto:casie.young@children-families.org) |
| Seashells Nursery | Michelle Wood  Deputy Manager | 01795 663311  [michellewood@children-families.org](mailto:michellewood@children-families.org) |
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# SAFEGUARDING PROCEDURES

**MANAGING ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF**

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| **1. INTRODUCTION** |

**1.1** This procedure is informed by 'Working Together to Safeguard Children', the Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership Procedures and related guidance (Safeguarding Children - Operational Guidelines for Managing Allegations Against Members of the Children’s Workforce). In addition, the Education Act 2002 (Section 175) and Section 11 of the Children Act (2004) place a statutory responsibility on local authorities and governing bodies to ensure that organisations have procedures in place for safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children. This Procedure has been agreed by representatives of Kent County Council and agency partners on Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership.

**1.2** Employees should also be aware of legislation under the Sexual Offences Act 2003 that makes it an offence for those in a position of trust to have a sexual relationship with a young person under the age of 18 years who is currently being cared for or educated by the individual.

**1.3** Legislation issued under section 13 of the Education Act 2011 also introduced an anonymity clause for teachers who are subject of an allegation. It is now an offence for anyone to put sensitive information regarding an allegation against a teacher into the public domain prior to any charge or subsequent court appearance. Those employing teachers need to pay particular attention to this legislation when dealing with enquiries from parents or the media.

**1.4** In relation to Disqualification, an individual may be disqualified from working in a provision for something they have done themselves, however, schools and settings are no longer required to establish whether a member of staff providing, or employed to work in, childcare is disqualified by association, unless working in a residential setting. (Disqualification under the childcare Act 2006 [2018 update]).

**1.5** The latest guidance from KCC can be found here: [**https://www.kelsi.org.uk/child-protection-and-safeguarding/managing-staff-allegations**](https://www.kelsi.org.uk/child-protection-and-safeguarding/managing-staff-allegations)

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| **2. KENT SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN MULTI-AGENCY PARTNERSHIP PROCEDURES** |

**2.1** The Kent Safeguarding Children Multi-Agency Partnership Safeguarding Procedures are available to any member of staff here:

[https://www.kscmp.org.uk/procedures/](https://www.kscmp.org.uk/procedures)

The Procedures outline the principles of child protection, definitions of abuse, powers of statutory agencies and roles and responsibilities of multi-agency staff within the children's workforce.

**2.2** Employees have a responsibility to report all allegations of child abuse and to alert others where appropriate if they suspect that child abuse may have occurred. The specific arrangements for reporting such concerns are set out in detail in this procedure and our Child Protection Policy.

* 1. If an allegation of abuse is made against a member of staff, a referral is to be made to the County LADO (Local Authority Designated Officer) service within 24 hours. **This referral and or contact with the LADO service must take place prior to any form of investigation being undertaken and before the member of staff is made aware of the allegation.** Any allegation against an employee should lead to careful consideration of the possibility of abuse and of a referral being made of any concerns to statutory agencies if it is considered that the harm threshold has been reached and a person who works with children has:
* behaved in a way that has harmed a child, or may have harmed a child and/or
* possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child, and/or
* behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates he or she may pose a risk of harm to children, and/or
* behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children

Staff also need to be aware that if their own child/children come to the attention of statutory agencies for child protection, then issues of transference of risk will need to be considered by the employer (as outlined in the KSCMP Operational Guidelines). This is outlined with other suitability criteria under the Disqualification Regulations (Child Care Act 2006) which applies to those working within the Early Years Foundation Stage (EYFS).

**2.4** It is the responsibility of the Board to ensure that all employees are aware of their responsibility to report any allegation or possible concern of a child protection nature. Failure to report may (a) put a child at risk and (b) imply a breach of the employee’s contractual duty. Staff must be aware of this procedure, understand their responsibilities and know where a copy of the procedure is to be found.

**2.5** A child who reports that he/she may have been abused by an employee must be carefully listened to in all circumstances so that their voice is clearly recorded. Staff should only use open questions in seeking clarity and write down the child’s words, explanations and questions raised accurately. Staff should not interpret what the child is saying as this could compromise any investigation.

**2.6** Staff cannot promise confidentiality to children who disclose allegations. Staff should make this clear to children who approach them, whilst also offering reassurance that they have a right to be heard and that their allegation will be taken seriously.

**2.7** Employees have a duty to assist statutory child protection investigation agencies by ensuring any possible allegation or concern is reported to an appropriate person and by co-operating with any investigative process, if/when required.

* 1. Employees must be aware of the need to avoid impeding an investigation, e.g., by publicising the allegation or providing the opportunity for evidence to be obscured or destroyed. In cases where the Police or the Crown Prosecution Service have decided against a criminal prosecution, staff must continue to co‑operate fully with any internal disciplinary investigation that may follow.
  2. All risk assessments and responses to concerns undertaken as part of this procedure will be conducted in a reasonable, proportional and transparent manner. The procedure will be applied fairly and transparently.

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| **3. ROLE OF THE RESPECTIVE AGENCIES IN AN INVESTIGATION** |

* 1. There are three possible types of investigation:

1) By the Local Authority and the Police under Section 47 of the Children Act 1989

2) By the Police under criminal law, and:

3) By us as the employer in line with staff disciplinary procedures.

**3.2** Any disciplinary process should be clearly separated from the child protection or criminal investigations. The disciplinary process may be informed by these other investigations and in some circumstances the child protection agencies might decide to make a **recommendation** about suspension or other protective action as a result of a strategy discussion. The child protection or criminal investigation has different objectives from the disciplinary procedure and the two processes should not be confused.

**3.3 The Role of the Local Authority (Kent County Council)**

The Local Authority has a duty to investigate cases where there is reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered, or is likely to suffer, significant harm. On receiving a request for support relating to an allegation against a member of staff which reaches the support level guidance level 3-4, the Integrated Front Door, unless the child is an open case, will call an initial strategy discussion meeting in line with KSCMP procedures. This meeting will define whether a joint investigation is necessary under section 47 of the Children Act 1989.

At any point during a subsequent investigation, the Local Authority and the Police may agree that the investigation be terminated. This will either be because enquiries lead them to a conclusion that the child has not suffered the alleged harm or they are satisfied, where harm has occurred, that there is no likelihood of it recurring.

Such a decision will be ratified at an outcome strategy meeting with recommendations for further action by the employer as appropriate. (ie conducting an internal disciplinary investigation). It is important to recognise that the purpose of the child protection investigation is to determine, on the balance of probability whether a child has suffered significant harm (abuse) and, if so, to eliminate the likelihood of further abuse.

The staff undertaking child protection investigations on behalf of the Local Authority are trained and experienced in doing so. They will handle cases sensitively and professionally, so that a thorough, independent investigation can be undertaken.

**3.4 The Role of the Police**

The Vulnerable Investigation Teams (VIT) within Kent Police comprises a team of officers specialising in safeguarding children. The officers are specially selected and trained for working with vulnerable children and they will undertake most interviews with children in line with Achieving Best Evidence procedures.

In the event of an allegation being made against a member of staff, it is possible that they will be invited for interview at a police station or arrested by Kent Police. In these circumstances the member of staff should be able to access free legal advice. Normally the interview and/or arrest will not take place on work premises.

The Police are responsible for investigating allegations which indicate that a crime has been committed. The Crown Prosecution Service will then take any decision on whether to formally prosecute based on the strength of evidence and the public interest test.

**3.5 The Role of the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)**

The Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) is responsible for the oversight and management of allegations**. Any allegation against a member of staff must be reported within 24 hours to the County LADO Service.** This referral will determine whether the allegation reaches the harm threshold to justify involvement from a LADO in the management of the allegation.

If the referral warrants the involvement of the Integrated Front Door in order to safeguard the child, the LADO will provide support in making the referral and throughout the subsequent process as required.

The LADO will attend any strategy meetings that are convened and liaise closely with us to ensure that the DSL or representative is represented in the meetings and decision-making process. The LADO will also ensure that other key Local Authority officers are informed according to the circumstances of the case and this may include the Press Office in certain circumstances that are likely to attract media interest.

The LADO will consider with us whether a referral to the Integrated Front Door for the child in their own right needs to be made. Should it be determined at the initial point of contact with the County LADO Service that the allegation does not require a Request for Support to the Integrated Front Door then the LADO will advise on further action that may be taken by us in investigating the matter internally in line with our own disciplinary procedures. The Education Safeguarding Service would not normally be involved in an internal management investigation unless the role of expert witness or investigating officer was specifically commissioned by us. In such circumstances the roles need to be clearly defined in terms of objectivity and impartiality.

**3.6 Our Role**

We have a duty to co-operate fully with an investigation undertaken by the Police and Local Authority under section 47 of the Children Act 1989 and a LADO will provide support throughout this process. Our staff have a key role in reassuring and supporting the child who is the alleged victim. Employers also have a duty of care to the member of staff who is the subject of the allegation and support will be facilitated in line with the staff disciplinary process.

The task of investigating the allegation under disciplinary procedures is set out below and is separate from the investigations conducted by the Local Authority and the Police.

**Under no circumstances should we initiate an internal management investigation into an allegation against a member of staff until contact has taken place with the County LADO Service.** **Internal management investigations should only be pursued once the Police and or Local Authority have concluded their involvement.**

**In exceptional circumstances it may be possible for a criminal investigation and an internal investigation to run concurrently but this should only be in the most severe of cases after discussion with the Police to ensure that primary evidence is not compromised. This matter is more straightforward when the member of staff has pleaded guilty to an offence.**

We have a statutory duty to comply with Child Protection Procedures and this will include ensuring that all staff are familiar with the process and understand their responsibilities to report a safeguarding concern.

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| **4. REPORTING AN ALLEGATION OR A CONCERN** |

**4.1** When an allegation of abuse is made against an employee on behalf of a child there should be immediate consideration of whether a child or children is/are at risk of significant harm and in need of protection.

**4.2 Any employee who becomes aware of a possible allegation, breach of position of trust and or professional conduct issue must immediately report the matter to the appropriate DSL or Deputy DSL.** Individuals with concerns must be encouraged to report this as quickly as possible and to the most senior person available at the time. An investigation may be impeded if a concern is reported late and/or is communicated through several individuals and it is important that we establish at this stage who the lead contact will be for liaison purposes.

**If the allegation is against someone who looks after children or works within one of our nurseries, then the matter must be reported to Ofsted within 14 days.**

* 1. **Should the allegation or concern involve a DSL or Deputy DSL then the matter must be reported to the SSL or Deputy SSL (please see Key Contact Personnel for contact details).**

**If the allegation is against the SSL or Deputy SSL then the matter should be reported to the Chair of the Board (please see Key Contact Personnel for contact details).** The Education Safeguarding Service can also provide advice and support to Chairs when an allegation has been made.

**If the allegation is against the Chair or any member of the Board then staff should speak to the LADO directly.**

* 1. **In all cases, the internal Allegation Handler above, must refer to the County LADO Service within 24 hours of the allegation or concern:**

**The LADO Team, Tel: 03000 410 888 or email:** [**kentchildrenslado@kent.gov.uk**](mailto:kentchildrenslado@kent.gov.uk)

**The LADO will advise on further action in accordance with this procedure as appropriate. This is not the beginning of an investigation, but part of the basic information gathering process. This advice will include who should be made aware that an allegation or concern has been raised.**

* 1. The Allegation Handler must contact Wirehouse to ensure the correct employment law advice is followed.
  2. It is important that the internal Allegation Handler reporting the concern acts quickly. Establishing whether an allegation warrants further investigation or consultation is not the same as forming a view on whether the allegation is to be believed. **The Allegation Handler**, **is not expected to investigate the allegation, or interview children, but to assess, after consultation with the LADO how the matter will proceed. Confidentiality must be maintained throughout this stage in order that any subsequent investigation is not prejudiced and that the interests of all parties are protected.**

* 1. Where the allegation relates to the use of physical intervention to restrain a child (Section 93 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 enables staff to use such force as is reasonable to keep a situation safe), the Allegation Handler should refer to the County LADO Service as in all other cases and a subsequent discussion will be held about whether this may be appropriately managed by us.

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| **5. CONSIDERING WHETHER SUSPENSION IS APPROPRIATE** |

* 1. The suspension of an employee, particularly in situations of potential child protection allegations will have a significant impact on the individual and therefore it is essential that the facts of the case, as they are known, and alternative courses of action are carefully considered in deciding whether to suspend. The specific arrangements for the suspension of staff are set out in our disciplinary procedures, but it should be recognised that suspension is a neutral act to protect the interests of both parties and not an assumption of guilt. It is also essential that the disciplinary procedures are followed in terms of providing appropriate support to the individual throughout the period of suspension.
  2. The decision to suspend is taken by us as the employer and not by the Police, Local Authority or LADO. However, Social Care, in collaboration with other agencies, may advise us of any action recommended to ensure the protection of children, protection of employees and safeguarding of information.
  3. Being suspended or asked to refrain from work can give rise to great anxiety for the individual subject to the allegations. They may fear that colleagues and others will have interpreted the very act of suspension as an indicator of presumed guilt from an early stage and may feel particularly isolated and vulnerable.
  4. Any member of staff subject to an allegation should be encouraged to seek advice and support at the earliest opportunity from their professional association or trade union. It must also be acknowledged that other staff may be affected by a staff member’s suspension, and consideration should be given to necessary support strategies to address this.
  5. The need for support is equally applicable when considering a staff member’s return to work. Suspension should be retained for as short a length of time as possible and if it is agreed a staff member is to return to work, careful planning needs to take place as to how this situation can be managed as sensitively as possible.

**5.7 Initial considerations**

It may not be immediately obvious that suspension should be considered, and this course of action sometimes only becomes clear after information is shared with, and discussion had, with other agencies.

In some cases, early or immediate suspension may impede a Police investigation, and therefore the decision whether to suspend may have to be delayed until sufficient evidence has been gathered. Suspension should be avoided in such cases wherever possible and should not be seen as an automatic response to an allegation. Suspension should only follow discussion with the LADO. The decision to suspend remains the responsibility of the employer.

When considering suspension, it is important to have regard to the following factors:

* The nature of the allegation
* Assessment of the presenting risk
* The context in which the allegation occurred
* The individual’s contact with children
* Any other relevant information
* The power to suspend
* Alternatives to suspension

Suspension should only be applied if one or more of the following grounds apply:

* A child or children would be at risk
* The allegation is so serious that summary dismissal for gross misconduct is

possible

* It is necessary to allow any investigation to continue unimpeded

**5.8 Alternatives to suspension**

While weighing the factors as to whether suspension is necessary, available alternatives to suspension should be considered. This may be achieved by:

* Leave of absence
* Undertaking different duties which do not involve direct contact with the individual child or other children e.g. working from home where possible
* Providing another member of safeguarding trained staff to be present throughout contact time

If the member of staff is not based within a nursery, then an alternative may be to:

* Undertake office duty
* Undertake non-contact tasks only

**5.9 Action Plan**

The Children Act 1989 established the principle that the interests of the child are paramount. This, however, must be considered alongside the duty of care to staff. Any individual subject to allegations should, regardless of the decision to suspend or otherwise, be offered welfare support. Where possible, a means of monitoring the take up and effectiveness of welfare support without compromising confidentiality or trust should be sought. Where suspension is being considered, the duty of care requires the employer to ensure that appropriate support is available to the member of staff. In the case of an allegation against the SSL or Deputy SSL, this responsibility lies with the Chair. Agreement must be reached with education personnel (and police where appropriate) as to how information will be shared and contact maintained with the member of staff throughout the investigative process. This should include agreement as to:

* How the member of staff will be kept updated about the progress of the

investigation,

* How support and counselling are to be offered: and
* How links will be maintained with work so that the staff member is kept

informed of other matters occurring at work

**5.10 Confidentiality**

The employer and Local Authority officers have a responsibility to safeguard confidentiality as far as is possible. Sensitive information must only be disclosed on a need to know basis with other professionals involved in the investigative process. Other people may become aware of the allegation and may not feel bound to maintain confidentiality. Therefore, consideration should be given on how best to manage information, particularly in relation to who should be told what, when and how. This is particularly relevant in respect of parents, carers and the media in light of new legislation and the anonymity clause (referenced in 1.3).

**5.11 Planning and Recording**

It is essential to record the decisions reached and the rationale behind them. Records should also be made of the agreed action and strategies to manage the situation. The plan should clearly indicate the following:

* Any restrictions to normal contact or activity,
* Issues of contact with children,
* Arrangements for monitoring and welfare support in relation to the member of staff.
* Monitoring the support available for the child.

It is important for the LADO to keep a record of the actions taken in the course of the investigation and, where relevant, the process and conclusion of suspension is undertaken as quickly and fairly as possible. If individuals have specific tasks or responsibilities to carry out, this should be noted and followed up. Agreed strategies for managing and sharing information should be included here. In addition, the member of staff should be informed of the decisions taken at the earliest opportunity by the employer

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| **6. DISCIPLINARY INVESTIGATION** |

**6.1** No action under the disciplinary procedure should be taken in circumstances which might interfere with a criminal investigation. Child protection and criminal investigations shall be treated as paramount and any further action under disciplinary procedures may therefore have to await full completion of the child protection and criminal investigations but will be undertaken as soon as possible.

**6.2** Once any child protection investigation has been completed and the matter is not proceeding to court, a decision should be taken by the Allegation Handler and SSL where appropriate, as to whether to investigate under the disciplinary procedure. We will need to consult with Wirehouse prior to reaching a decision on this.

**6.3** At the request of the Allegation Handler, a nominated representative will be appointed to conduct the investigation where it is inappropriate for the Allegation Handler to do so, e.g., where the their knowledge might prejudice a fair hearing, where he/she is implicated or when the SSL believes it is in the best interests of the organisation.

**6.4** Following an internal investigation the employer needs to come to a reasonably held view **‘on the balance of probability’**. The disciplinary investigation must gather evidence objectively establishing the facts where possible and follow the principles of fairness, reasonableness and natural justice.

**6.5** Where allegations of child abuse are received against an employee, the LADO will take responsibility for ensuring that relevant information, as defined by the Local Authority and/or Police, resulting from a child protection investigation is made available to the employer, in order to inform a decision about a possible disciplinary investigation.

**6.6** Evidence derived from the child protection investigation or criminal investigation (e.g., statements, exhibits, video-recorded interviews with children) can be requested for use in subsequent disciplinary proceedings, particularly where the witnesses are the same, via relevant legal departments. (It should be noted that the Branch Crown Prosecutor will be cautious about releasing any prosecution material until the criminal proceedings have been concluded and will only consider doing so upon a valid request being made in writing.)

**6.7** Where no criminal prosecution is pending or intended, advice from the Kent Police Solicitor’s Department on the release of material should be sought through the LADO who has established a protocol with the Kent Police on behalf of the LA to ease this process. Witnesses may include Police Officers and social workers who have interviewed the child/ren. The Local Authority should usually release the minutes of strategy meetings and, where necessary, provide additional reports.

**6.8** Whether it is appropriate to call children as witnesses will depend on their age, understanding and capability. However, the attendance of children at any hearing would be in extremely unusual circumstances and will only occur following careful consultation with all interested parties including the parents of the child/ren.

**6.9** If a decision is taken to proceed with a disciplinary investigation, the employee should be informed, in writing, as required under the disciplinary procedure. It is advisable to confirm this position in a meeting with the employee and their representative.

**6.10** If a decision is taken not to proceed with a disciplinary investigation, the employee should be invited to a meeting with a union representative or workplace colleague, to explain the circumstances of the decision and confirm this in writing.

**6.11** Those involved in the investigation of the complaint or the continuing management of the situation cannot hear consequent disciplinary cases, since they may receive information that may prejudice a fair hearing of the complaint. Managers or Trustees who are to hear disciplinary appeals must not be involved in the investigation of the complaint or the disciplinary hearing.

We will need to make appropriate arrangements to notify the parent/guardian of the child/ren of the outcome of the investigation/hearing and will take advice from Wirehouse and the County LADO Service regarding the nature of information that can be disclosed.

* 1. **Time-scales**

DfE guidance states that “*the quick resolution of the allegation should be a clear priority to the benefit of all concerned. Any unnecessary delays should be eradicated.”*

1. If the nature of the allegation does not require formal disciplinary action, the employer should institute appropriate action within **3 working days.**
2. If the evidence indicates that a disciplinary hearing may be required, then the process will be completed as quickly as possible and without unavoidable delay within the requirements and timescales of our disciplinary procedure. The employee must be kept regularly informed of the progress in this event.

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| **7. REFERRAL TO THE DISCLOSURE AND BARRING SERVICE** |

* 1. The Secretary of State’s powers to bar or restrict a person’s employment are contained in section 142 of the Education Act 2002. The relevant regulations, setting out the procedure to be followed now sit under the Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 (List 99 was replaced by the ISA Barring list which in turn has now been replaced by the **Disclosure and Barring Service)**

A relevant employer, or agent (e.g. a supply agency), is required to provide a report to the DBS where they cease to use a person’s services, or a person is dismissed or resigns before a disciplinary process is completed, because they are considered unsuitable to work with children, as a result of misconduct, or because of a medical condition that raises a possibility of risk to the safety or welfare of children. **A compromise agreement does not override the statutory duty to report the matter and such an arrangement should not be considered if the concern was of a safeguarding nature.**

These reporting arrangements apply to all employees, including volunteers, regardless of what they do. They also apply to staff convicted of a criminal offence against children outside the work setting, when notification may be through the police.

Anyone subject to a direction under section 142 of the 2002 Act given on the grounds that they are unsuitable to work with children is also disqualified from working with children. ‘Work’ includes people in unpaid employment, employed under contract, people undertaking work experience and volunteers.

Further information on the Disclosure and Barring Service and the process of referral to the barring list can be found at www.homeoffice.gov.uk/dbs

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| **8. RETENTION OF RECORDS** |

**8.1** The Information Commissioner Code of Practice: Employment Records 2002 states that **“records of allegations about workers who have been investigated and found to be without substance should not normally be retained once an investigation has been completed. There are some exceptions to this where for its own protection the employer has to keep a limited record that an allegation was received and investigated, for example where the allegation relates to abuse and the worker is employed to work with children or other vulnerable individuals.”**

* 1. Records of investigations into alleged offences against children must be maintained, in order to identify patterns of concerns. A factual record of the details of all allegations and a written record of the outcome, will be retained. This information will be held by the County LADO Service in line with the responsibilities of the LADO function.

**8.3** The employee and/or his/her representative will be informed that such records exist and will be able to seek disclosure within the parameters of the Data Protection Act by putting their request in writing through the appropriate channels.

**8.4** Any records retained in relation to the outcome of the investigation and the member of staff’s comments will be retained in line with Guidance provided by the Information Commissioners Office which states *‘Until the person has reached normal retirement age or for a period of 10 years from the date of the allegation if that is longer’.*  **It is important to note DfE Guidance states “cases in which an allegation was proven to be false, unsubstantiated, or malicious should not be included in an employer’s reference.**

**8.5** Where a pupil has made an allegation, a copy of the statement or the record made of it, should be kept on the section of a pupil’s child protection file, which is not open to disclosure, together with a written record of the outcome of the investigation. If there are related criminal or civil proceedings, records may be subject to disclosure; and, therefore, no assurances can be given on confidentiality. Any allegation made by a child that is deemed to be **malicious** after external scrutiny should be investigated further to establish what concerns led to such a situation developing. This is in the best interests of the child and the member of staff.

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| **9. GOOD PRACTICE GUIDELINES** |

* 1. We have adopted a Code of Practice for those working with children. The basic principle is that the interest of the child is placed before all else.
  2. **Placing Children First**

**Staff should:**

* value and respect each child as an individual;
* be aware of, and safeguard, the rights of all children;
* facilitate and promote the growth and development of the whole child; and
* be aware of, and endeavour to meet the needs of, each child for whom they are professionally responsible.
  1. **The Child Within the Family**

**Staff should:**

* see the child in the context of his or her family situation and be aware of differences in family structures in our society;
* be aware that the care of the child is a shared responsibility which must take account of the customs, values and beliefs of the family or the main carers; and
* work in a cooperative and collaborative manner with the family to promote and safeguard the well-being of the child.
  1. **Professional Practice**

**Staff should:**

* ensure that no action is taken, or omission made, which is detrimental to the welfare and safety of, or that hinders the development of, the child;
* maintain the highest possible standards of performance, and aim to improve their knowledge, skills and competencies by taking advantage of training;
* constantly evaluate and re-appraise their own methods, policies and practices and be aware of the need to keep up-to-date with current developments in the light of changing needs and circumstances; and
* be aware of the need for confidentiality within their professional practice. Confidential information received should not be disclosed unless required by law or to protect the interests or welfare of the child.
  1. **Working With Others**

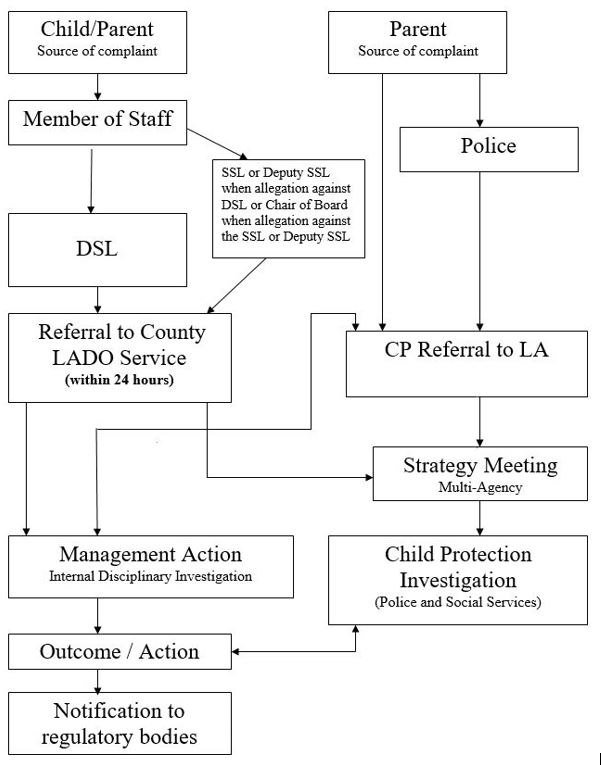
**Staff should:**

* work in a cooperative manner with other professionals in the care and education of all children;
* acknowledge and respect the contribution of other colleagues;
* share their knowledge, demonstrate their skills with students and other colleagues to develop and promote good childcare practice whilst offering guidance and support as appropriate; and
* be prepared to give support and supervision to, and receive support and supervision from, colleagues and management to further their own personal and professional development.

|  |
| --- |
| **10. FLOW CHART** |

CHILD PROTECTION –

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST STAFF



Appendix 1

LADO Referral Process – for Professionals

With effect from the 16th January 2023, professional LADO referrals should be made via the Kent Integrated Children’s Services Portal here:

<https://kccchildrens.kent.gov.uk/web/portal/pages/home>

Appendix 2

KENT COUNTY COUNCIL

Protocol Agreed with Kent Police for the Release of Evidence

1. In line with the requirements of DfE Guidance**: Working Together to Safeguard Children** the local authority has agreed a protocol with Kent Police for the release of evidence to inform Internal Disciplinary processes following the conclusion of Police involvement in the case.
2. “*Wherever possible the Police should obtain consent from the individuals concerned to share the statements and evidence they obtain with the schools* [settings] *for disciplinary purposes. That should be done as their investigation proceeds rather than after it is concluded. That will enable the Police to share relevant information without delay and the conclusion of their investigation or any court case*”. (DfES 2006:244) The release of such evidence is vital to inform disciplinary investigations and to avoid witnesses, particularly children, having to be interviewed again.

3. To ensure that a consistent format is applied it has been agreed that all requests for the release of evidence should be channelled through the County LADO Service who provide support and guidance to settings whenever an allegation is made against a member of staff. This will avoid Kent Police being approached by a variety of schools and settings. Chairs of Governing Bodies or Personal Advisers would need to be validated before evidence is released.

4. Once the evidence has been received by the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) they will liaise closely with the school or setting to ensure that information is shared appropriately and no additional copies are made and that there is a clear audit line around accountability for keeping documents safe.

5. In cases where statements have been taken from children via digital recording in line with procedures for Achieving Best Evidence, a transcript of the recording prepared for court will be provided. In cases that do not proceed to court, however, it is unlikely that a transcript will have been taken. Under these circumstances it is unlikely that the video evidence will be released, as disclosures may be evident that have no bearing on the disciplinary investigation being undertaken. In such cases Kent Police have agreed to provide a summary of the evidence that is relevant to the disciplinary investigation. It is recognised that this will not constitute primary evidence, but such information from Kent Police should suffice to inform a disciplinary process where the burden of proof is based on “balance of probability”.

6. Information shared must be treated in the strictest of confidence and should only be made available to those involved in the disciplinary process.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Ali Watling**  **County LADO Manager**  **Date April 2019** | DCI Samantha Mercer **Detective Inspector PPU**  **Kent Police**  **Date April 2019** |

# RELEASE OF EVIDENCE REQUEST

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **To:** | DCI Samantha Mercer  PPU - Force Headquarters, Sutton Road, Maidstone, Kent, ME15 9BZ |
| **From:** | County LADO Service |
| **Date:** |  |

It is understood that:

A Kent Police have undertaken a criminal investigation into the conduct of a member of staff for whom Kent County Council now wish to undertake an internal disciplinary investigation.

B Consent has been sought from the victim and witnesses to release their statements to KCC.

C Kent Police have concluded their criminal investigation.

The LADO, on behalf of KCC now seeks the disclosure of witness statements and / or ABE digital interviews taken by Kent Police for the sole purpose of use in the internal disciplinary investigation into the conduct of the member of staff. KCC understands that Kent Police policy O23a Child Abuse, section 3.25 specifically deals with such a request.

Please accept this pro-forma as a formal request for the release of victim and witness statements and / or crime reports as appropriate.

**REQUEST FOR RELEASE OF EVIDENCE**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Name of Victim/Complainant/Witness:** |  | | **Date of Birth:** |  |
| **Date of Complaint/Allegation:** |  | | | |
| **Name of Accused**  **(member of staff):** |  | | **Date of Birth:** |  |
| **Home Address:** |  | |  |  |
|  |  | | | |
|  |  | | | |
| **Name and Address of Employer**  **(school or LA service):** |  | | | |
|  |  | | | |
| **VIT Officer:** |  | **Tel No:** | | |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Police Area Office:** |  | **Tel No:** |  |
| **Social Worker (where appropriate):** |  | **Tel No:** |  |
| **CYPE Area Office:** |  | **Tel No:** |  |
|  |  | **Tel No:** |  |
| **LADO Making request for release of evidence** |  | **Tel No:** |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type of Investigation:**   * **What are you seeking to achieve?** * **What information needs clarity?** |  |
|  | |
|  | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Date of Final Strategy Meeting (where applicable):** |  |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Outcome of Police Investigation:** |  |
|  | |
|  | |

**Evidence Requested (please tick)**

1 In the absence of above a summary report provided by the Police

2 Athena record (edited or redacted)

3 Initial contact (STORM record)

4 Redacted transcripts of victim’s account/witness statement

5 Transcript of Suspect interviews

Please be assured that the information provided will be treated in the strictest of confidence and will not be saved or copied to other parties.

Thank you for your co-operation in this matter

**Ali Watling - 03000 410888**

County LADO Manager

County LADO Service

Kroner House - Eurogate Business Park

Ashford

Kent TN24 8XU